FAMILY DEPENDENCY DRUG COURT

THIRD DISTRICT JUVENILE COURT

Salt Lake County, Utah

The Need

- ◆ The age group 18 45 are the most likely to engage in substance abuse
- Women represent 64% of methamphetamine users in need of treatment
- 50% of drug abusing women who become pregnant, continue to use drugs while pregnant

The Need

- Nationally, drugs are a factor in 80% of child abuse and neglect cases
- According to the National Institute of Health
 - 1 out of every 3 children live in a family struggling with substance abuse issues
 - Children live in 30% to 40% of meth lab homes
 - The presence and use of drugs is the number one cause of child abuse and neglect

The Need in Salt Lake County

- ◆ 8,919 CPS cases were investigated in 2005
- There were 4,898 supported child victims of abuse and neglect
- 1,175 child victims had drug abuse officially listed as a contributing factor in their abuse and neglect

Behavioral Indicators of Drug Exposed Children

- ◆ Depression
- Anxiety
- Eating disorders
- Interpersonal problems
- Difficulty adjusting to change
- ◆ 2 to 4 times more likely to experience addiction issues in their lives

Emotional Indicators of Drug Exposed Children

- ◆ PTSD
- ◆ Attachment Disorder
- ◆ Low Self Esteem
- Guilt and Self Blame
- ◆ No Values
- Helplessness and Hopelessness

Treatment Referrals

- What happens when clients are referred to treatment without court involvement?
 - 50% to 60% of clients don't show for intake
 - 40% to 80% of clients drop out in 3 months
 - 90% of clients drop out in 12 months
 - Of clients who remain in treatment, 40% to 60% are abstinent at one year
 - Of the clients who were initially referred to treatment, less than 2% will be abstinent at one year

Child Welfare Requirements

- ◆ Adoption and Safe Families Act ASFA
 - Permanency hearing must be held within 12 months of child entering foster care
- Utah Law parallels ASFA
 - Permanency hearing must be held within 12 months of child entering foster care
 - Permanency hearing must be held within 8 months if the child is 36 months of age or younger
 - The Court can grant a 90 day extension if it finds substantial compliance with the treatment plan

The Mission

... of the Family Dependency Drug Court is to treat substance abuse addiction through an intense and concentrated program to preserve families and protect children.

Key Factors

- ◆ Teamwork
- Early Identification and Assessment
- Expedited Treatment Interventions
- Accountability/Detectability
- Ongoing Judicial Supervision

The Drug Court Team

- Judge
- Attorney General
- Guardian Ad Litem
- Defense Counsel
- ◆ DCFS Drug Court Specialist
- Treatment Specialist
- ◆ Coordinator



Family Dependency Drug Courts

- ◆ Third District Juvenile Court
 - Judge Christine Decker West Jordan
 - Judge Kimberly Hornak Salt Lake/Matheson
 - Judge Frederic Oddone Salt Lake/Matheson
 - Judge Robert Yeates Salt Lake/Matheson

Admission Criteria

- The court finds the children are the victims of abuse and/or neglect
- The parent acknowledges that substance abuse affects their ability to parent
- The parent does not present with
 - Severe mental illness
 - Felony conviction for violent acts
 - *Is not a convicted sex offender*

Treatment Matching

- Participant's needs are determined through a clinical substance abuse assessment.
- Participants are placed in treatment per the findings of the assessment and through collaborative discussion.
- The participant's behavioral and personality profile are matched to the treatment provider's program and service delivery system.

Treatment Services

A full compliment of services are provided, including:

- Detox
- *Residential treatment* − *including*:
 - Women and children programming
 - Father's and children programming
- Day treatment programming
- Intensive outpatient services
- Outpatient services
- Aftercare

Incentives



Frequently used incentives include:

- Judicial acknowledgement and commendation
- Drug court team recognition and support
- Drug court peer recognition and support
- Reduced frequency of judicial reviews
- Step down in treatment regime
- ◆ Medallions

Sanctions

Sanctions are imposed for:

- Positive, missed, or diluted drug screens
- Failure to attend treatment or leaving treatment
- Failure to engage treatment
- Failure to comply with other specified court orders

Sanctions

- Sanctions are graduated and tailored to the violation and the participant
- Most common sanctions include:
 - Jail
 - Essays/Reports
 - Community service
 - Increased frequency of judicial review
 - Other specific to the participant

Graduation Requirements



- At least 8 months participation in drug court with at least 6 months of sobriety
- All legal matters have been resolved
- Participant has obtained a 12 step sponsor
- The participant has established a consistent level of progress and compliance
- ◆ The participant has been reunified with their children
- ◆ The participant has completed a life plan that includes aftercare

Family Dependency Drug Court A National Evaluation

- A study of Family Dependency Drug Courts indicate:
 - There is improved collaboration between agencies and better parent compliance with service plan requirements
 - There is a more elaborate support system for families while ensuring child safety
 - There is heightened judicial oversight of children and families

Family Dependency Drug Court A National Evaluation

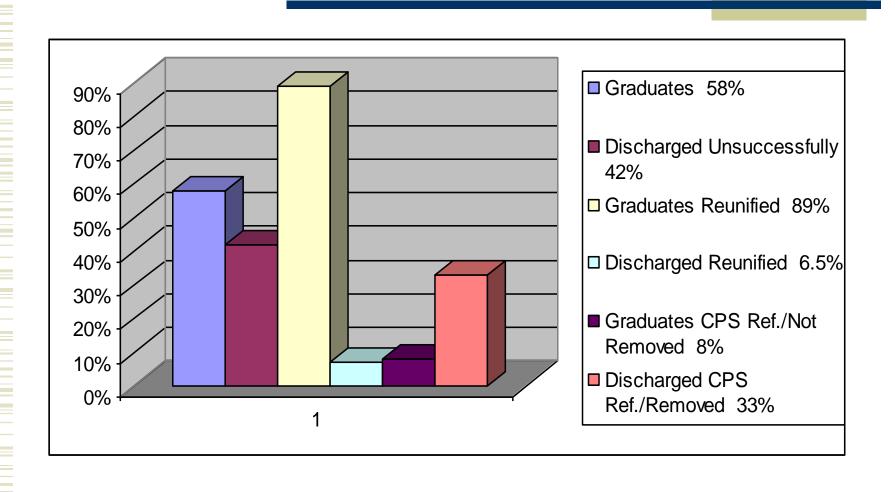
- Drug court parents are motivated to get treatment they would otherwise not receive
- Drug court parents are more likely to enter treatment, spend more time in treatment, and are more likely to complete treatment than parents in comparison groups
- Parents are more likely to be reunified with their children

- ◆ Participant Profile
 - 79% of the participants are women
 - 70% of the women are single mothers
 - The participants have an average of 2 dependent children
 - The average age of participants is 29
 - 58% have a high school diploma
 - 72% identify meth as their drug of choice

- The drug court serves approximately 140 parents a year
- ◆ There are approximately 50 parents involved in the drug court program at any given time
- ◆ 58% of the parents successfully graduate from drug court

- Data indicates, of the parents who successfully graduated from drug court:
 - 89% of graduates were reunified with their children
 - 8% had subsequent substantiated CPS referrals within 6 months of their drug court completion date
 - None of the CPS investigations resulted in the children being removed a second time

- Data indicates, of the parents who were discharged unsuccessfully from drug court:
 - 6.5% of the parents were reunified with their children
 - 33% of the cases in which reunification occurred, the children were subsequently removed a second time within 6 months of the parent's discharge from drug court



Family Dependency Drug Court

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